How to handle pigs with an umbilical outpouching?

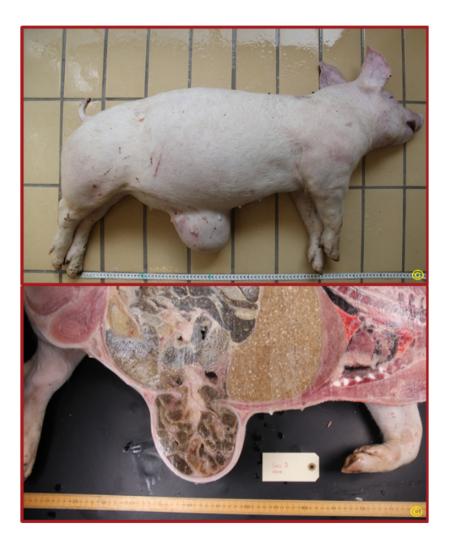
Anual meeting, Danvet 8. marts 2024,

Brædstrup

Trine Hovmand-Hansen, DVM, Ph.d.

Danvet

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Agenda

- Short presentation
- What is an umbilical outpouching
- Field study
 - When are the umbilical outpouchings detectable ?
 - How many pigs dies before slaughter?
- Should pigs be euthanized or can they survive until slaughter????
- What is the economical potential of pigs with umbilical outpouching?
- How to manage pigs with an umbilical outpouching
- Summary



Introduction

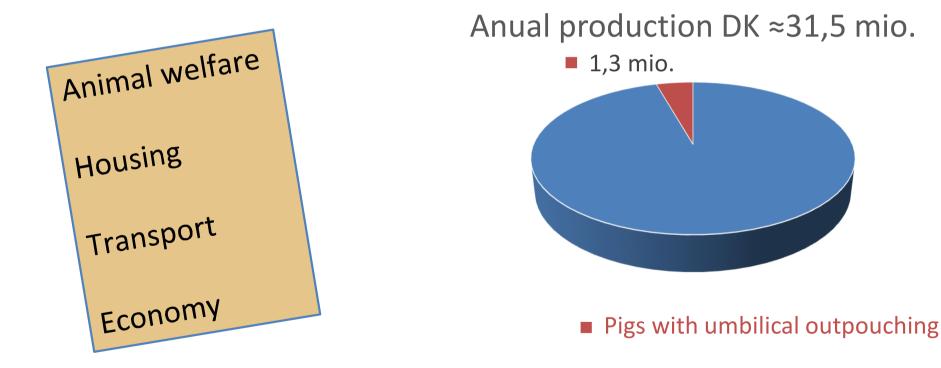
• Trine Hovmand-Hansen





Umbilical outpouching

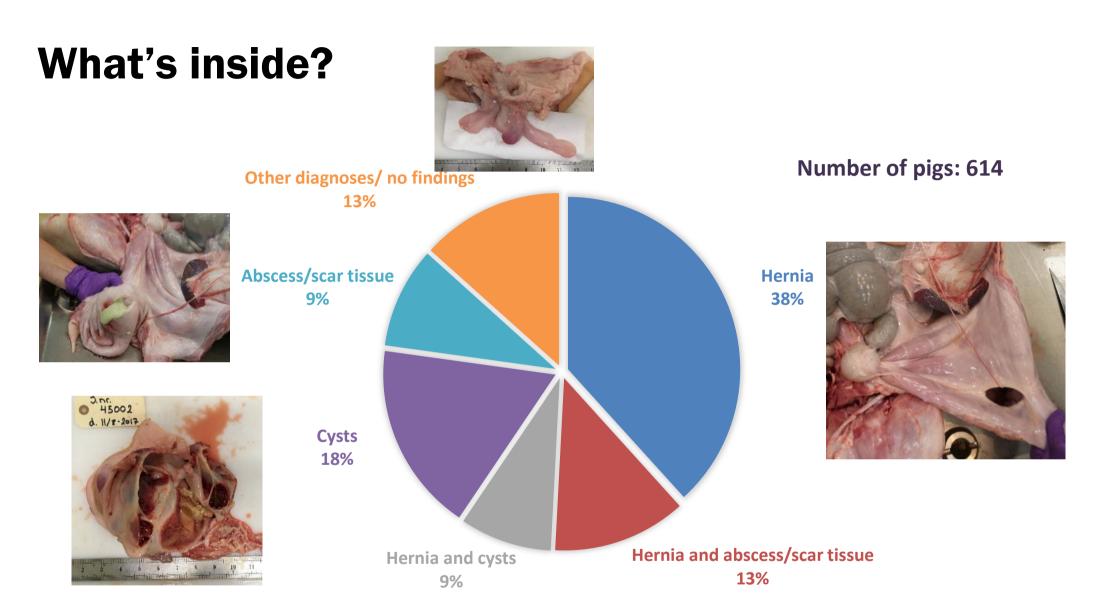
Frequency in DK 4,2%*



Hansen ML, Jensen TB, Kristensen CS, Larsen I, Pedersen KS. Umbilical outpouchings in Danish piglets and weaners: prevalence and clinical characteristics-a cross-sectional study at herd level. Porcine Health Manag. 2024 Jan 13;10(1):3. doi: 10.1186/s40813-023-00352-8. PMID: 38218966; PMCID: PMC10788040.



Kilde:





Higher risk of complications

- Increased risk of wounds mainly in hernia and enterocystoma
- Increased risk of strangulation and adherence in hernia
- Growth retardation
- Impaired mobility







Billeder: T. Hovmand-Hansen



Frustration and management



FVST: Significant disadvantage Pga. umbilical outpouching > 15 cm, without wound. NOT housed with soft beeding.

Intensification Follow up visit



Frustration and management

FVST:

Significant irresponsible behaviour. Umbilical outpouching > 15 cm with a wound:

- NOT housed with soft beeding
- General condition, growth and mobility affected.

Sanction! (Police incl. Penalty)

Kilde: Fødevarestyrrelsen, URL: https://www.foedevarestyrelsen.dk/SiteCollectionDocuments/Dyresundhed/Transportegnethed/Transportguide%20-%20Vurdering%20af%20transportegnethed%20og%20%20skader%20opst%C3%A5et%20under%20transport.pdf



I) Early riskfactors?



Livestock Science Volume 251, September 2021, 104654



Early risk factors, development, disappearance and contents of umbilical outpouching in Danish pigs

Trine Hovmand-Hansen ^a ^A, Tina B. Jensen ^b, Kaj Vestergaard ^b, Mai Britt F. Nielsen ^b, Páll S. Leifsson ^a, Henrik E. Jensen ^a

II) Survival of pigs with umbilical outpouching?



Preventive Veterinary Medicine Volume 191, June 2021, 105343



Survival of pigs with different characteristics of umbilical outpouching in a prospective cohort study of Danish pigs

Trine Hovmand-Hansen ^a ∧ ⊠, Søren Saxmose Nielsen ^a, Tina B. Jensen ^b, Kaj Vestergaard ^b, Mai Britt F. Nielsen ^b, Henrik E. Jensen ^a

III) Should UO pigs be euthanized or can I survive until slaughter?



GIV GRISE MED EN LILLE NAVLEBULE EN CHANCE

Flemming Thorup ^a, Mai Britt Friis Nielsen ^a, Michael Groes Christiansen ^a, Henrik Elvang Jensen ^b og Trine Hovmand-Hansen ^c

^a SEGES Innovation P/S, Den rullende Afprøvning
^b Pathobiological sciences, IVH, Københavns Universitet
^c DanVet, Blåkildevej 17, 9500 Hobro

STØTTET AF

Svineafgiftsfonden



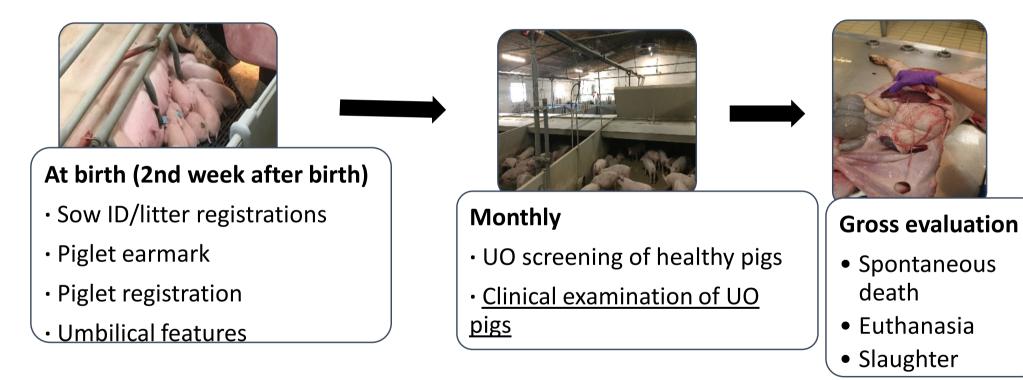
Material and method

- 2 farrow-to-finisher herds 3031 pigs (Landrace x Yorkshire x Duroc)
- Period: Birth to slaughter (115kg)
- Pigs with UOs were clinically examined once a month
- 255 pigs developed an umbilical outpouching





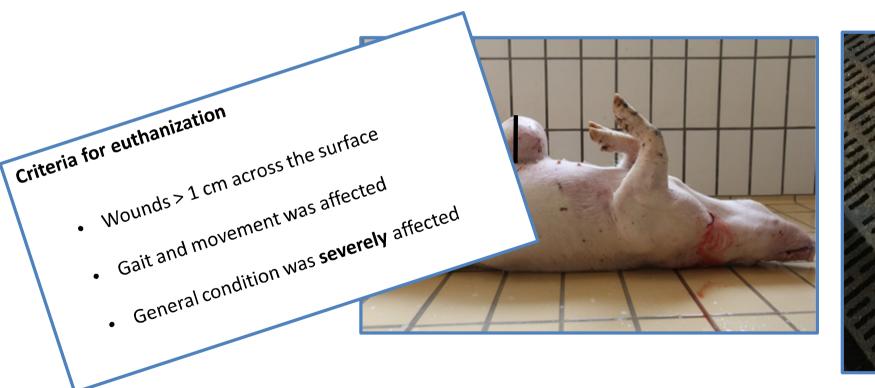
Data collection





Material and method

An umbilical outpouching was defined as a protrusion in the umbilical area.







Data collection

Clinical examination once a month

- General condition (skin, hair coat, eyes and behaviour)
- Size of the UO (circumference/height)
- Form
- Reducible
- Skin lesions was scored







Clinical examination



 All pigs were screened once a month for the development of new UOs



- 776 clinical examinations (249 pigs)
- 6 pigs died before 1th examination
- 3,12 times in average (1-9)



Pig 215



Date	History	
20-02-18	Newborn	
07-03-18	UO discovered	
13-03-18	Bloodsample	
20-03-18	Clinical examination	
30-04-18	Clinical examination	
24-05-18	Clinical examination	
27-06-18	Clinical examination	
24-07-18	Clinical examination	
25-07-18	Euthanasia	



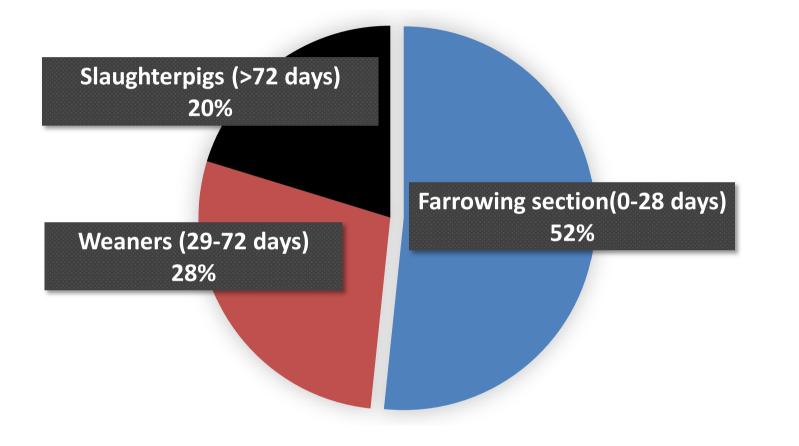


Frequency umbilical outpouching

255 from 3031 pigs (8%) developed and umbilical outpouching



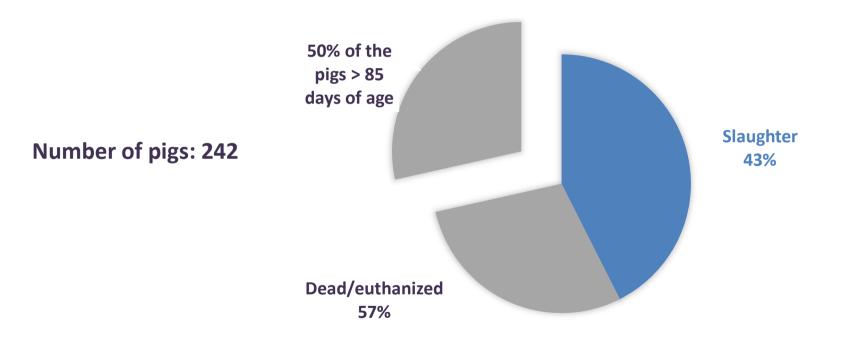
When are the umbilical outpouching detectable?



36 (15 %) spontaneously regression

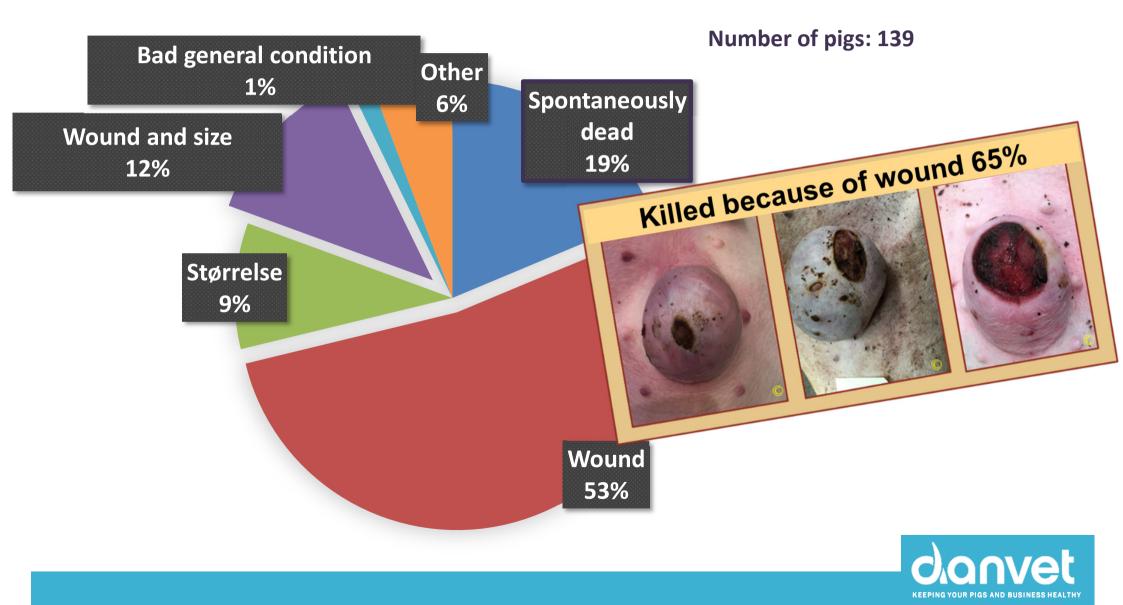


How many pigs died before slaughter?





What is the course of dead?



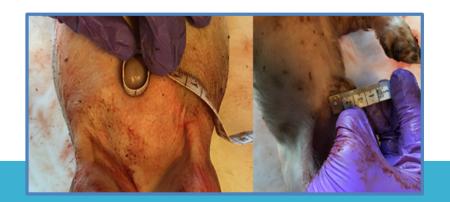
Should I be euthanized or can I survive until slaughter????

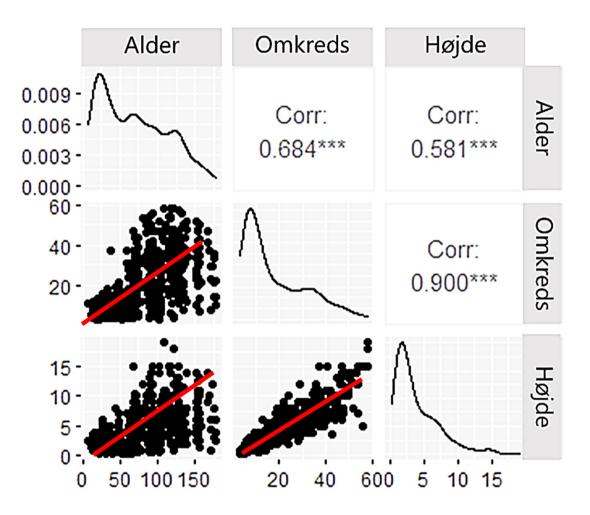
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Umbilical outpouching

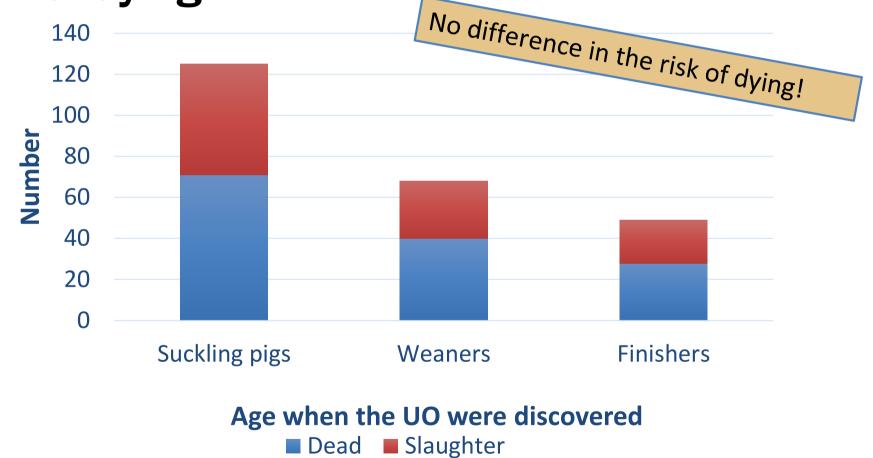
- Hight and circumference Correlation (R = 0,9; p-value= <0,001)
- Age and size of the UO (R = 0.6; p-value <0,001).
- Circumference (size) of the UO is correlated to the probability for slaughter (P-valuei<0,001)
- Skincolor





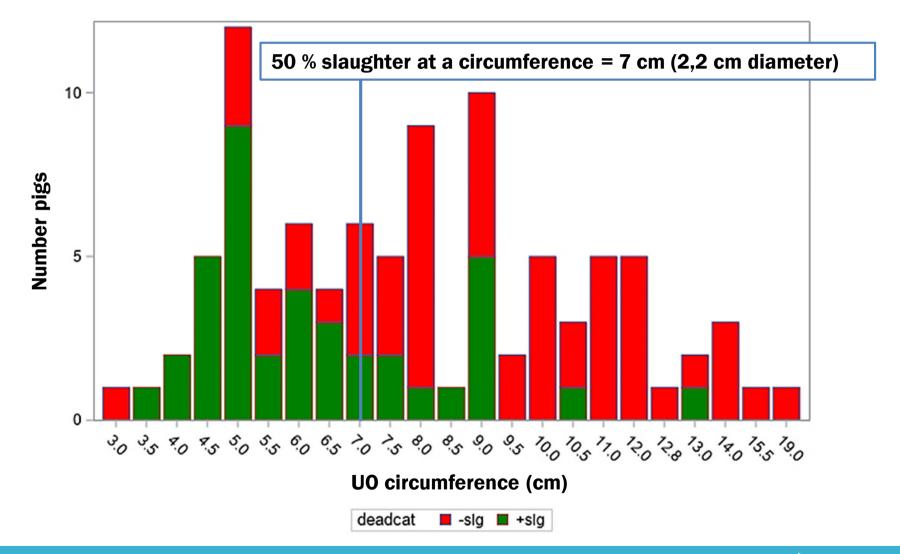


Does pigs developing the UO early have a higher risk of dying?



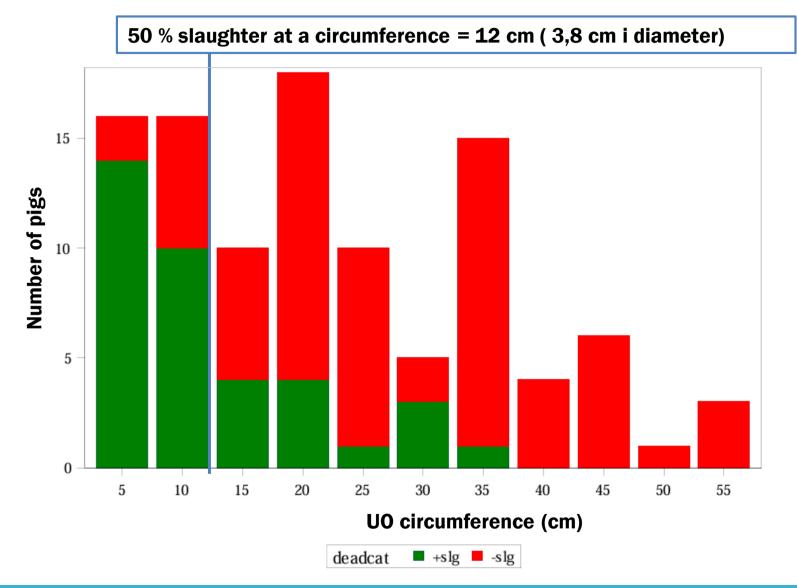


Weaners (7 kg) potential for slaughter





30 kg pigs potential for slaughter



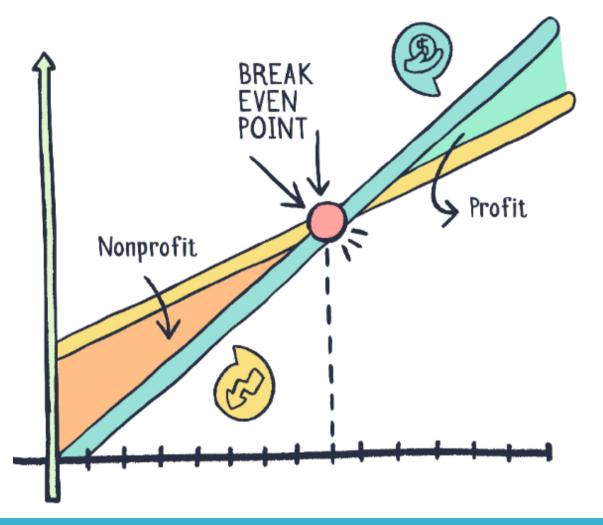


Pigs at 30 kg - probability for slaughter

UO Circumference (cm)	Probability for slaughter (%)	For every time you deliver an UO-pig for slughter a number of pigs have an exit before slaughter (die/euthanized)
1	72	0,4
5	65	0,5
10	55	0,8
15	45	1,2
20	38	1,6
25	29	2,5
30	23	3,4
35	14	6,1
40	6	15,7



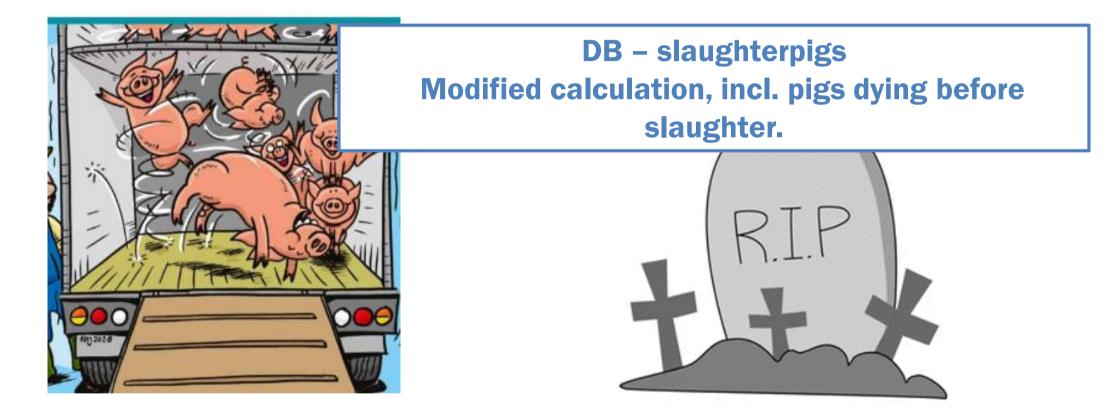
Break-even point for pigs with umbilical outpouching





Billeder: https://arjunken.medium.com/understanding-break-even-analysis-86e8b8c75a9e

What is the potential – Contribution margin (DB)?

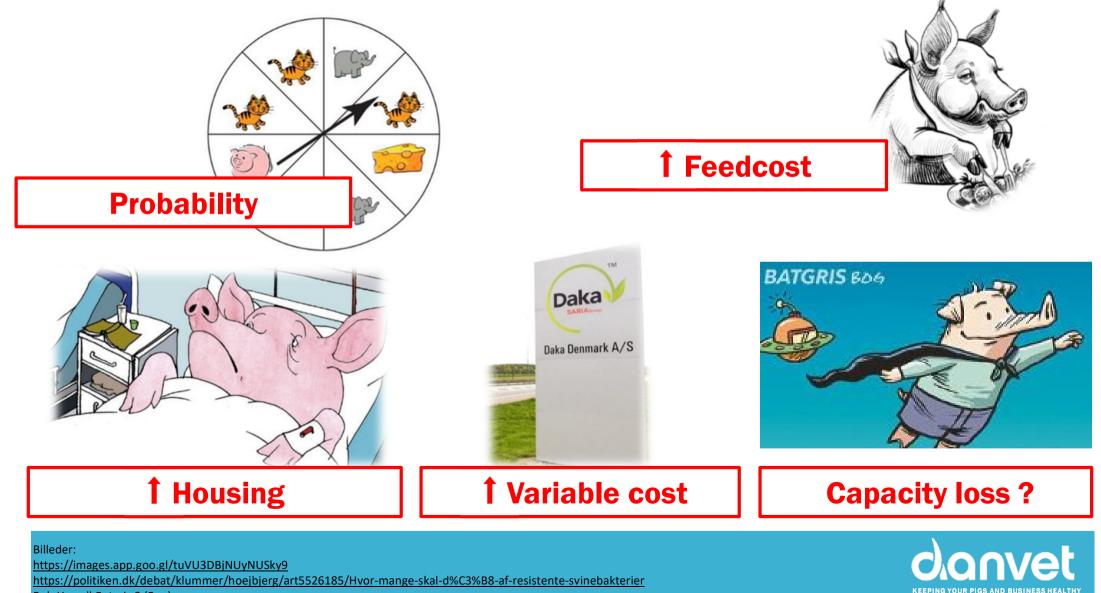


If the DB is high and feedcost is low -> the potential for UO-pigs increase!

Billeder: Svineproducenten Juli 2020 https://www.shutterstock.com/da/image-vector/tomb-cracked-cartoon-307732487



What is the potential – Contribution margin (DB)?



Rob Harrell Batgris 2 (Bog)

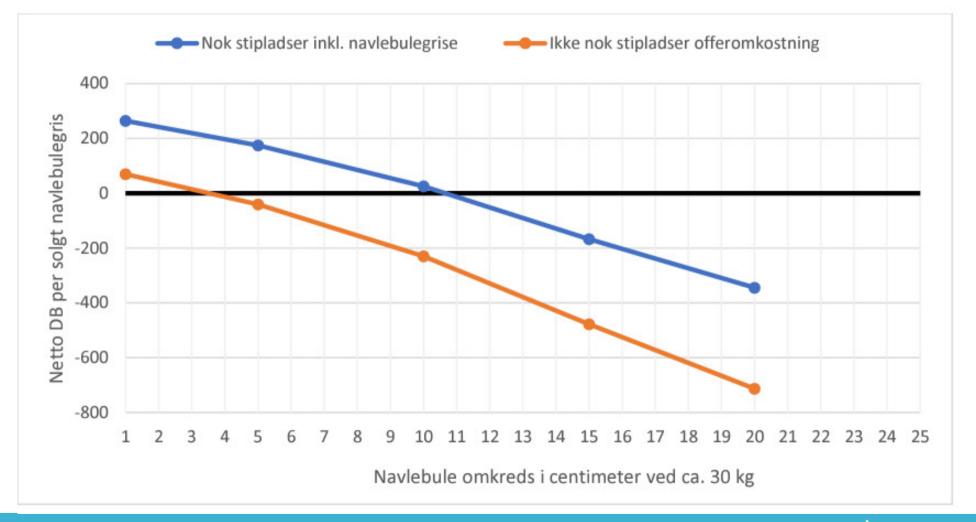
Gennemsnitlig produktionsøkonomi

- Pigs price 0 kr. (alternative: killing)
- Feed cost:
 - ca. 2,20 kr./FEsv weaners
 - Ca. 1,75 kr./ FEsv slaughterpigs
- Variable cost
 - Ca. 48 kr. fra 7 kg slaughter + DAKA
 - Ca. 34 kr. fra 30 kg slaughter + DAKA

Weaners should stay in production if UO < 5,6 cm in circumference 30 kgs pigs should stay in production if UO < 10,6 cm in circumference ONLY if kapacity!



Kapacity loss 30 kgs grise





What is your herd-strategy?

- 1. At your herd:
 - Economy ?
 - Housing?
 - Motivation ?
- 2. Separate pigs with UO

Only: Healthy pigs with small UO can stay in regular pens!

- Housind med straw/ soft beeding
- Sickpens -> wound, size, temperature, colors..
- Restrictive feeding

Pigs:

- In a bad condition
- Reduced growth
- Reduced mobility
- Sever ulcerations EUTHANIZE!



Small superficial scratces on the outpouching is acceptable i regular pens.



Frustrations?

Transport ????





Summary

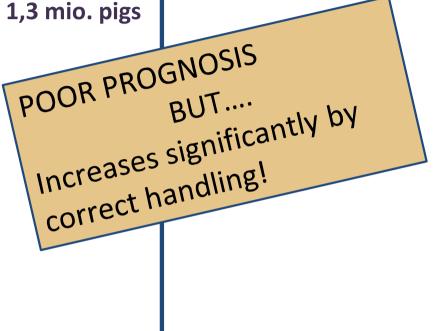
 4,2 % develop and umbilical outpouching (UO), approx. 1,3 mio. pigs in DK

IF YOU DO NOTHING!

Some UOs (15%) disappear spontaneously.

Approx. 50 % of UO-pigs die or are killed before slaughter. Approx. 50 % of these pigs are > 85 days old at exit! Massive rules -> risk of failing at control visit.

Herd strategy – how will we manage?



Normal production economy:

Weaners should stay in production if UOs < 5,6 cm in circumference (< 3,3 cm) 30 kgs pigs should stay in production if UOs < 10,6 cm in circumference (< 4,3 cm) ONLY IF STABLE KAPACITY ALLOWS! (otherwise bracket)



Summary

More information (in Danish):

• SEGES meddelelse 1297 (Thorup et al., 2024): *"Giv grise med en lille navlebule en chance"*

Link: <u>https://www.landbrugsinfo.dk/public/3/6/1/management_giv_grise_lille_navlebule_chance</u>



Thank you !

Herd owners and employees

Danish Pig Levy Fund



Henrik Elvang Jensen Páll Leifson Søren Saxmose Nielsen



Flemming Thorup Tina Birk Jensen Mai Britt Friis Nielsen Michaek Groes Christiansen





Hasse Poulsen



